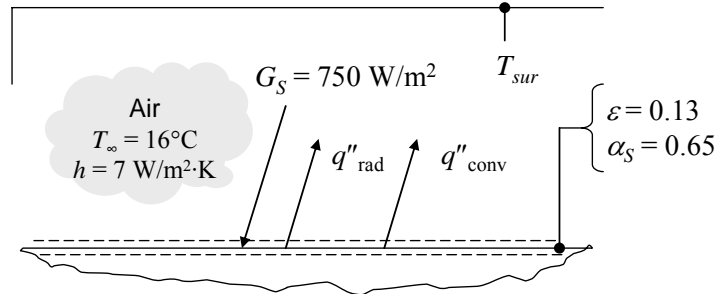


PROBLEM 1.50

KNOWN: Emissivity and solar absorptivity of steel sheet. Solar irradiation, air temperature and convection coefficient.

FIND: Temperature of the steel sheet to determine cat comfort.

SCHEMATIC:



ASSUMPTIONS: (1) Steady-state conditions, (2) Bottom surface of steel is insulated, (3) Radiation from the environment can be treated as radiation from large surroundings, with $\alpha = \epsilon$, (4) $T_{\text{sur}} = T_{\infty}$.

ANALYSIS: Performing a control surface energy balance on the top surface of the steel sheet gives (on a per unit area basis)

$$\alpha_S G_S - q''_{\text{rad}} - q''_{\text{conv}} = 0$$

$$\alpha_S G_S - \epsilon \sigma (T_s^4 - T_{\text{sur}}^4) - h(T_s - T_{\infty}) = 0$$

$$0.65 \times 750 \text{ W/m}^2 - 0.13 \times 5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}^4 (T_s^4 - (289 \text{ K})^4) - 7 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K} (T_s - 289 \text{ K}) = 0$$

$$2562 \text{ W/m}^2 - 7.37 \times 10^{-9} \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}^4 T_s^4 - 7 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K} T_s = 0$$

Solving this equation for T_s using IHT or other software results in $T_s = 350 \text{ K} = 77^\circ\text{C}$. A temperature of 60°C is typically safe to touch without being burned. The steel sheet would be uncomfortably hot or even cause burning. <

COMMENTS: The individual heat flux terms are

$$\alpha_S G_S = 488 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$q''_{\text{rad}} = \epsilon \sigma (T_s^4 - T_{\text{sur}}^4) = 59 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$q''_{\text{conv}} = h(T_s - T_{\infty}) = 428 \text{ W/m}^2$$

None of these is negligible, although the radiation exchange with the surroundings is smaller than the solar radiation and convection terms.